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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/837,396	04/18/2001	Frank R. Callaghan		7653	
7	590 07/28/2004		EXAMINER		
Frank R. Callaghan			YOUNG, JOHN L		
337 Fairway Ro Ridgewood, N			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
<i>3</i> ,			3622		
			DATE MAILED: 07/28/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	.,			
	09/837,396		CALLAGHAN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	AL.			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		3622	1111			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	John L Young		ddress			
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute.  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may within the statutory minimum of will expire SIX (6), cause the application to becon	ay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered time MONTHS from the mailing date of this of ne ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 A	<u>pril 2001</u> .					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	·		• •			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received rity documents have be u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	in Application No een received in this National	Stage			
JOHN LEONARD YOUNG, I	esq.	7/1				
PRIMARY EXAMINER		)-26-2004				
Attachment(s)	/ 	ţ				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper	ew Summary (PTO-413) No(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application (PTC	O-152)			

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## FIRST ACTION REJECTION

## **DRAWINGS**

1. This application has been filed with drawings that are acceptable for examination and publication purposes. The review process for drawings that are included with applications on filing has been modified in view of the new requirement to publish applications at eighteen months after the filing date of applications, or any priority date claimed under 35 U.S.C. §§119, 120, 121, or 365.

## CLAIM REJECTIONS - 35 U.S.C., 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefore, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

2. Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101, because said claims are directed to non-statutory subject matter.

As per claims 1-15, as drafted said claims are not limited by language within the technological arts (see *In re Waldbaum*, 173 USPQ 430 (CCPA 1972); *In re Musgrave*, 167 USPQ 280 (CCPA 1970) and *In re Johnston*, 183 USPQ 172

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(CCPA 1974) also see MPEP 2106 IV 2(b) even though said claims are limited by language to a useful, concrete and tangible application (See *State Street v*. *Signature financial Group*, 149 F.3d at 1374-75, 47 USPQ 2d at 1602 (Fed Cir. 1998); *AT&T Corp. v. Excel*, 50 USPQ 2d 1447, 1452 (Fed. Cir. 1999) within the technological arts (see *In re Waldbaum*, 173 USPQ 430 (CCPA 1972); *In re Musgrave*, 167 USPQ 280 (CCPA 1970) and *In re Johnston*, 183 USPQ 172 (CCPA 1974) also see MPEP 2106 IV 2(b).

Note: it is well settled in the law that "[although] a claim should be interpreted in light of the specification disclosure, it is generally considered improper to read limitations contained in the specification into the claims. See *In re Prater*, 415, F.2d 1393, 162 USPQ 541 (CCPA 1969) and *In re Winkhaus*, 527 F.2d 637, 188 USPQ 129 (CCPA 1975), which discuss the premise that one cannot rely on the specification to impart limitations to the claims that are not recited in the claims." (See MPEP 2173.05(q)).

## DOMESTIC PRIORITY NOT GRANTED

3. Applicant has not complied with one or more conditions for receiving the benefit of an earlier filing date under 35 U.S.C. 119(e), because there appears to be NO claim for domestic priority based on a provisional application, and provisional application 60/199,061 fails to provide adequate support under 35 U.S.C. 112 for claims 1-21 in the instant application. It appears that the provisional application does not contain a written

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specification.

## CLAIM REJECTIONS — 35 U.S.C. §103(a)

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. §103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over <a href="Schramm">Schramm</a> US 2001/0031458 A1; class 435/350, (10/18/2001) [US f/d: 05/01/2001] (herein referred to as "Schramm").

As per claim 1, <u>Schramm</u> (the ABSTRACT; FIG. 2; FIG. 3; FIG. 5; FIG. 6; ¶[0007]; ¶[0008]; ¶[0013]; ¶[0015]; ¶[0023]; ¶[0046]; ¶[0062]; ¶[0063]; ¶[0064]; and ¶[0066]) shows: "A method of maximizing educational enrollments, comprising . . .

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generating a database containing a plurality of Members in communication with a controller; and . . . receiving data at said controller on at least one Network School offering a discount tuition rate n exchange for access to said Members."

Schramm lacks explicit disclosure of "at least one Network School. . . ." even though Schramm (FIG. 2; and FIG. 6) implicitly shows same.

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It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art that the disclosure of Schramm (FIG. 2; and FIG. 6) implicitly shows "at least one Network School. ... " and it would have been obvious to modify and interpret the disclosure of Schramm cited above as showing "at least one Network School. ... " because modification and interpretation of the cited disclosure of Schramm would have provided means to "assist colleges in their methods of identifying, recruiting, and retaining high school students." (See Schramm (¶[0013]), based on the motivation to modify Schramm so as to "help students, schools, and colleges accomplish their share goal: to match as many students as possible with the colleges where they will thrive." (See Schramm (¶[0008])).

As per claims 2-7, <u>Schramm</u> shows the method of claim 1 and subsequent base claims depending from 1.

Schramm (the ABSTRACT; FIG. 2; FIG. 3; FIG. 5; FIG. 6;  $\P[0007]$ ;  $\P[0008]$ ;  $\P[0013]$ ;  $\P[0015]$ ;  $\P[0023]$ ;  $\P[0046]$ ;  $\P[0062]$ ;  $\P[0063]$ ;  $\P[0064]$ ; and  $\P[0066]$ ) implicitly shows the elements and limitations of claims 2-7.

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Schramm lacks explicit recitation of the elements of claims 2-7, even though

Schramm implicitly shows same.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art that the disclosure of Schramm (FIG. 2; and FIG. 6) implicitly shows the elements and limitations of claims 2-7 and it would have been obvious to modify and interpret the disclosure of Schramm cited above as showing the limitations of claims 2-7 because modification and interpretation of the cited disclosure of Schramm would have provided means to "assist colleges in their methods of identifying, recruiting, and retaining high school students." (See Schramm (¶[0013]), based on the motivation to modify Schramm so as to "help students, schools, and colleges accomplish their share goal: to match as many students as possible with the colleges where they will thrive." (See Schramm (¶[0008])).

Independent claim 8 is rejected for substantially the same reasons as independent claim 1.

As per claim 9, <u>Schramm</u> shows the method of claim 8.

Schramm (the ABSTRACT; FIG. 2; FIG. 3; FIG. 5; FIG. 6;  $\P[0007]$ ;  $\P[0008]$ ;  $\P[0013]$ ;  $\P[0015]$ ;  $\P[0023]$ ;  $\P[0046]$ ;  $\P[0062]$ ;  $\P[0063]$ ;  $\P[0064]$ ; and  $\P[0066]$ ) implicitly shows the elements and limitations of claim 9.

Schramm lacks explicit recitation of the elements of claim 9, even though

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Schramm implicitly shows same.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art that the disclosure of Schramm (FIG. 2; and FIG. 6) implicitly shows the elements and limitations of claim 9 and it would have been obvious to modify and interpret the disclosure of Schramm cited above as showing the limitations of claim 9 because modification and interpretation of the cited disclosure of Schramm would have provided means to "assist colleges in their methods of identifying, recruiting, and retaining high school students." (See Schramm (¶0013]), based on the motivation to modify Schramm so as to "help students, schools, and colleges accomplish their share goal: to match as many students as possible with the colleges where they will thrive." (See Schramm (¶0008])).

Independent claim 10 is rejected for substantially the same reasons as independent claim 1.

Independent claim 11 is rejected for substantially the same reasons as independent claim 1.

As per claims 12-14, <u>Schramm</u> shows the method of claim 11.

Schramm (the ABSTRACT; FIG. 2; FIG. 3; FIG. 5; FIG. 6; ¶[0007]; ¶[0008]; ¶[0013]; ¶[0015]; ¶[0023]; ¶[0046]; ¶[0062]; ¶[0063]; ¶[0064]; and ¶[0066]) implicitly

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shows the elements and limitations of claims 12-14.

Schramm lacks explicit recitation of the elements of claims 12-14, even though Schramm implicitly shows same.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art that the disclosure of Schramm (FIG. 2; and FIG. 6) implicitly shows the elements and limitations of claims 12-14 and it would have been obvious to modify and interpret the disclosure of Schramm cited above as showing the limitations of claims 12-14 because modification and interpretation of the cited disclosure of Schramm would have provided means to "assist colleges in their methods of identifying, recruiting, and retaining high school students." (See Schramm (¶[0013]), based on the motivation to modify Schramm so as to "help students, schools, and colleges accomplish their share goal: to match as many students as possible with the colleges where they will thrive." (See Schramm (¶[0008])).

Independent claim 15 is rejected for substantially the same reasons as independent claim 1.

Independent claim 16 is rejected for the same reasons as independent claim 1.

As per claims 17-18, Schramm shows the system of claim 16.

Schramm (the ABSTRACT; FIG. 2; FIG. 3; FIG. 5; FIG. 6; ¶[0007]; ¶[0008];

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 $\P[0013]$ ;  $\P[0015]$ ;  $\P[0023]$ ;  $\P[0046]$ ;  $\P[0062]$ ;  $\P[0063]$ ;  $\P[0064]$ ; and  $\P[0066]$ ) implicitly shows the elements and limitations of claims 17-18.

Schramm lacks explicit recitation of the elements of claims 17-18, even though Schramm implicitly shows same.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art that the disclosure of Schramm (FIG. 2; and FIG. 6) implicitly shows the elements and limitations of claims 17-18 and it would have been obvious to modify and interpret the disclosure of Schramm cited above as showing the limitations of claims 17-18 because modification and interpretation of the cited disclosure of Schramm would have provided means to "assist colleges in their methods of identifying, recruiting, and retaining high school students." (See Schramm (¶[0013]), based on the motivation to modify Schramm so as to "help students, schools, and colleges accomplish their share goal: to match as many students as possible with the colleges where they will thrive." (See Schramm (¶[0008])).

Independent claim 19 is rejected for substantially the same reasons as independent claim 1.

As per claim 20, Schramm shows the system of claim 19.

Schramm (the ABSTRACT; FIG. 2; FIG. 3; FIG. 5; FIG. 6; ¶[0007]; ¶[0008]; ¶[0013]; ¶[0015]; ¶[0023]; ¶[0046]; ¶[0062]; ¶[0063]; ¶[0064]; and ¶[0066]) implicitly

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shows the elements and limitations of claim 19.

Schramm lacks explicit recitation of the elements of claim 19, even though Schramm implicitly shows same.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art that the disclosure of Schramm (FIG. 2; and FIG. 6) implicitly shows the elements and limitations of claim 19 and it would have been obvious to modify and interpret the disclosure of Schramm cited above as showing the limitations of claims 19 because modification and interpretation of the cited disclosure of Schramm would have provided means to "assist colleges in their methods of identifying, recruiting, and retaining high school students." (See Schramm (¶[0013]), based on the motivation to modify Schramm so as to "help students, schools, and colleges accomplish their share goal: to match as many students as possible with the colleges where they will thrive." (See Schramm (¶[0008])).

Independent claim 21 is rejected for substantially the same reasons as independent claim 1.

## CONCLUSION

5. Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner for Patents P. O. Box 1450

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Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Any response to this action may be sent via facsimile to either:

(703)305-7687 (for formal communications EXPEDITED PROCEDURE) or

(703) 305-7687 (for formal communications marked AFTER-FINAL) or

(703) 746-7240 (for informal communications marked PROPOSED or DRAFT).

Hand delivered responses may be brought to:

Seventh Floor Receptionist Crystal Park V 2451 Crystal Drive Arlington, Virginia.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John L. Young who may be reached via telephone at (703) 305-3801. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday between 8:30 A.M. and 5:00 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eric Stamber, may be reached at (703) 305-8469.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is

(703) 305-3900.

John L. Young

Primary Patent Examiner

July 26, 2004

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